# **The Wheel Watch**

a newsletter of the

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Thank you for your support!

This newsletter will bring you up-to-date on issues before the North Pacific Council and the Pacific Council, IPHC, Washington, D.C. activities, and markets.

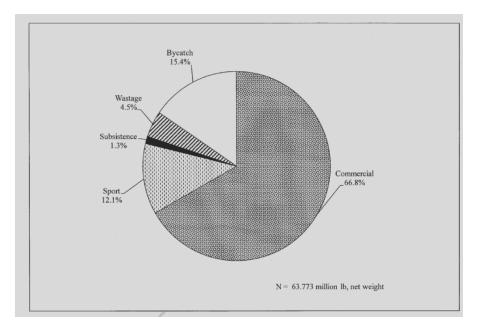
## \*\*North Pacific Council\*\*

**Catch Share Plan:** The Council has recommended some changes to the CSP and additional economic analysis. Though it was disappointing not to have the CSP implemented, it is not dead, thought it is severely bruised up. The CSP process is now in its 18<sup>th</sup> year. The Council has it on the March/April 2012 Council meeting. They may split it and forward the 2C portion to NMFS and study the 3A portion more. For this year, there will be a one fish charter limit in S.E. Alaska and a two fish limit in Area 3A. The Council recommends managing at this time to the existing Guideline Harvest Levels (GHL). For 3A, the GHL has been reduced from 3.6 million to 3.1 million. The charter catch was 2.8 million pounds so this is why there are no proposed charter restrictions. In 2C, the GHL will be 931,000 lbs. The Council recommended an awkward size limit for 2C, where fish less than 45" can be kept and over 68". Measuring a five-foot fish in order to let it go should be fun to watch!

Senator Lisa Murkowski sent a letter which stated, "I am, however, concerned about the potential impact of a one-fish limit on the charter halibut fisheries and the economy, and about the adequacy and recency of the available data."

Senator Begich sent a letter supporting some finalization of the CSP. He previously sent a letter objecting to the proposed CSP. I think he would like to see this issue finalized.

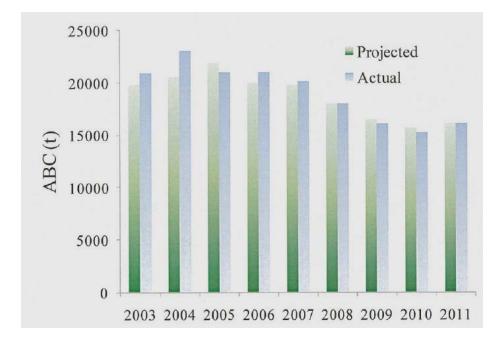
**Subsistence:** The State of Alaska presented a subsistence report and provided the following graphic.



<u>Sablefish.</u> The Council approved the following sablefish numbers. The assessment author is expecting a strong 2008 year class and there is some evidence of a 2011 (<1 yr Old) in the works. So some good news on recruitment.

Apportionments are based on survey and fishery information	2011 ABC Percent	2011 Survey RPW	2010 Fishery RPW	2012 ABC Percent	2011 ABC	2012 ABC	Change
Total					16,040	17,240	+7%
Bering Sea	18%	6%	13%	13%	2,850	2,230	-22%
Aleutians	12%	11%	14%	12%	1,900	2,050	+8%
Gulf of Alaska	70%	83%	73%	75%	11,290	12,960	+15%
Western	14%	14%	12%	14%	1,620	1,770	+9%
Central	42%	51%	38%	44%	4,740	5,760	+22%
W. Yakutat	16%	15%	18%	16%	1,830	2,080	+14%
E. Yakutat/S.E.	28%	20%	32%	26%	3,100	3,350	+8%

The assessment author forecasts an increasing biomass through 2024 which could allow a harvest of 20,500 Mt in 2024. The graph below shows the first increase since 2004.



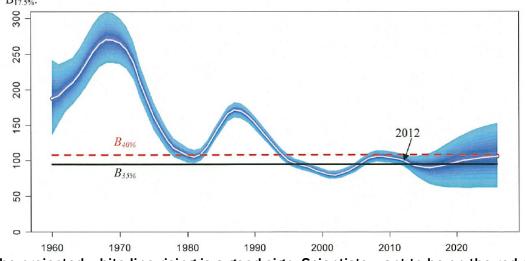
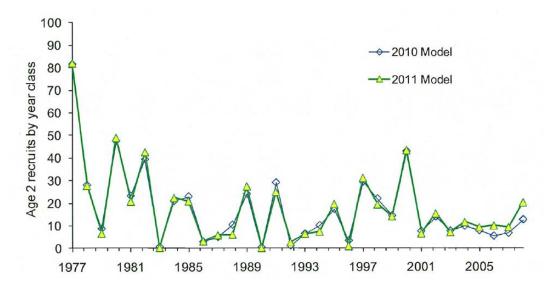


Figure 3.25. Probability that projected spawning biomass (from MCMC) will fall below  $B_{40\%}$ ,  $B_{35\%}$  and  $B_{17.5\%}$ .

Note: The projected white line rising is a good sign. Scientists want to be on the red dotted line or above it, not below it.



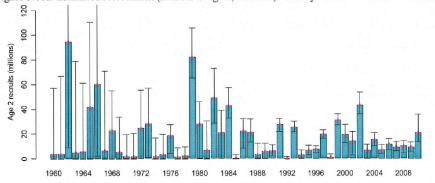


Figure 3.18a. Estimated recruitment (number at age 2, millions) versus year for 2010 and 2011 models.

#### **Pacific Cod GOA**

Year	Western	Central	Eastern	Total
2012	28,032	56,940	2,628	87,600
2013	29,120	59,150	2,730	91,000

#### Pacific Cod – Bering Sea

Year	ABC	TAC
2012	314,000 Mt	261,000 Mt
2013	319,000 Mt	262,900 Mt

Total Estimated Seabird bycatch in Alaska Longline Groundfish Fisheries

2007	2008	2009	2010
8,155	6,219	9,253	3,704

We did ask the Council to reconsider the control date for their March restriction on Initial IFQ Holders. The Council took no action. Those of you that want it changed, please call me if you have not done so already. Thanks to John Crowley, Jack Knutsen, and Dan Veerhusen for their time and support.

Figure 3.18b. Estimates of the number of age-2 sablefish (millions) with 95% credible intervals by year class. Credible intervals are based on 20,000,000 MCMC runs.

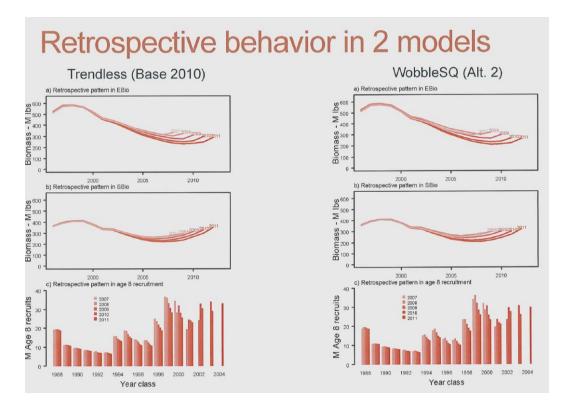
## \*\*IPHC\*\*

Regulatory Area	2012 Total CEY	Other Removals*	2012 Fishery CEY	2011 Catch Limit	Recommended 2012 Catch Limit	Percentage Of Change
2A	1.322	0.174	1.148	0.910	0.989	+9%
2B	7.504	0.871	6.633	7.650	6.633	-13%
20	5.865	2.653	3.212	2.330	2.624	13%
3A	19.779	7.861	11.918	14.360	11.918	-17%
3B	6.638	1.568	5.070	7.510	5.070	-32%
4A	2.395	0.828	1.567	2.410	1.567	-35%
4B	2.298	0.429	1.869	2.180	1.869	-14%
4CDE	4.740	2.275	2.465	3.720	2.465	-34%
Total	50.541	16.659	33.882	41.070	33.135	-19%

#### Staff Recommended Catch Limits With Current Harvest Rates

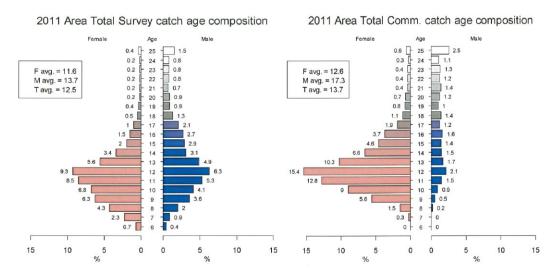
\*GHL in Area 2C=0.931; GHL in Area 3A = 3.103

The charts below are a series of retrospective graphs from 2006 to 2010. Each shows an increasing biomass based on a huge influx of juveniles. You will notice every year seems not to respond as predicted. Each succeeding year seems lower. The IPHC staff says slow growth of the fish is causing the problem and setting back the predictions.. The staff is saying that there are more undersized fish than ever but they are not growing much beyond 32".

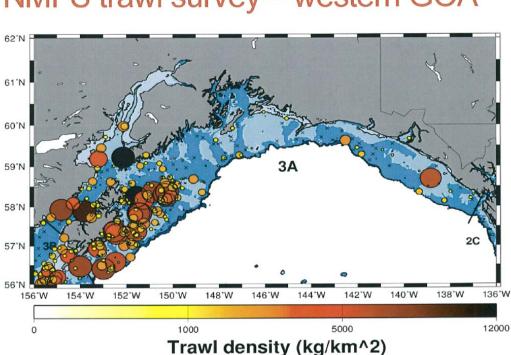


The graph on the next page shows the survey catch of females (left) and males on the right. The graph on the right is the actual makeup of the commercial catch. Notice how few male fish you are catching.

# Comparison of survey and commercial catches

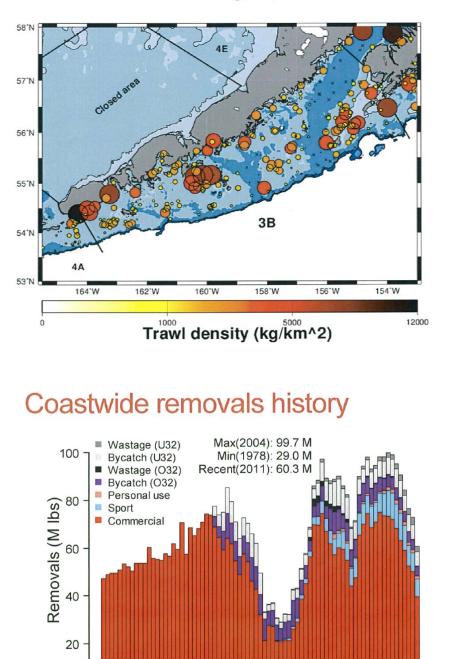


The graphs below are new bubble chart showing trawl density of halibut.



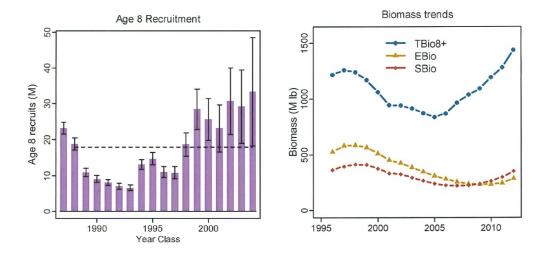
## NMFS trawl survey – western GOA

## NMFS trawl survey - western GOA



The chart on the next page shows the age 8 recruitments, which is not actually correct, as they are 4 to 5 years delayed before they recruit to the fishery. The 1998 year class may show up in 2012 if it is five years delayed. You can see the next six year classes are huge. The question is will they grow up? Are they really there?

## Model output from WobbleSQ



The Annual IPHC meeting will be held at the Hilton Anchorage, January 24-27, 2012. At this meeting, they will finalize halibut harvests. They will also look at a proposal to reduce the size limit.

## \*\*Pacific Council\*\*

Sablefish. The following tier limits will be in effect for 2012:

Tier 1 - 46,238	lbs.
Tier 2 - 21,017	lbs.
Tier 3 - 12,010	lbs.

The 2012 Sablefish Allowable Biological Catch (ABC) will be 8242 Mt; the 2013 ABC will drop to 5,654 Mt. This amounts to a 31% reduction for 2013. 2014 will be similarly reduced. The next sablefish review will affect the 2015 and 2016 seasons. The allocation of sablefish south of Conception will be 32% for 2012 and be reduced to 26% in 2013 and 2014. Currently, due to uncertainty of the resource south of Conception, the allowable catch level (ACL) is reduced by 50% for 2012, but this uncertain reduction will be removed for the 2013 and 2014 seasons.

Year	Total	Age 4	Spawning	Age 0
	Biomass	Biomass	Biomass	Recruits
2005	276,343	268,617	85,741	535
2006	263,494	258,686	83,508	1,930
2007	248,481	244,103	80,139	1,205
2008	233,025	231,261	75,949	26,989
2009	222,936	213,810	70,773	1,518
2010	211,793	196,299	64,500	20,734
2011	205,662	179,514	60,957	16,723

Time Series of Population Estimates (Mt)

			Spawning	
	<b>OFL</b> o		Biomass	Relative
Year	(mt)	ACLo (mt)	(mt)	depletion
2011	8,808	6,813	60,957	33%
2012	8,623	6,645	57,606	32%
2013	6,621	5,451	56,271	31%
2014	7,171	5,909	56,358	31%
2015	7,857	6,512	57,066	31%
2016	8,526	7,121	58,015	32%
2017	9,107	7,662	58,969	32%
2018	9,563	8,097	59,821	33%
2019	9,898	8,424	60,550	33%
2020	10,094	8,629	61,174	34%
2021	10,191	8,745	61,732	34%
2022	10,273	8,847	62,258	34%

#### Projection of Potential Sablefish Allowable Catch Limit (ACL)

oOFL/ACL values for 2011 and 2012 have already been adopted, and are not based on the results of this assessment.

The sablefish stocks off of Washington, Oregon and California are estimated to bottom out during the 2014 season. The 2008 year class is one of the largest seen in ten years at 26,989 tons. The one-year olds are also considered very good. The 2008 year class will start to recruit to the fixed gear fleet next year with the 2011 year class three years behind. The stock assessment authors believe the resource will rebuild by 2022. In the graph below notice that the 2007 and 2005 models begin to predict an upward movement. With the new Trawl ITQ program and 100 percent observer coverage, I am bullish on the recovery of this resource.

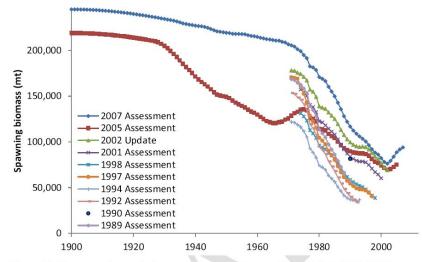


Figure 51. Retrospective analysis across stock assessments for sablefish, 1989-2007.

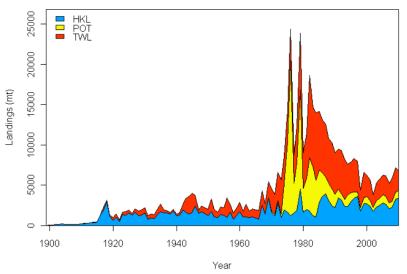


Figure a. Sablefish landings history, 1900-2010. Fleet names indicate gear (HKL = Hook-andline, POT = Pot, and TWL = Trawl). Foreign fleets are included and are largely responsible for the large values in 1976 and 1979.

#### \*\*Markets\*\*

<u>Sablefish.</u> The yen vs. the dollar has moved in favor of exporters, to Japan by 45% over the last three years. This means that Japan has 45% more purchasing power. Japanese investors are using this buying power more wisely than in the 80's or 90's when they bought buildings and golf courses. They are buying utilities and money-producing assets and have bid up the price on many species of fish including blackcod. Blackcod production from Alaska will be modestly up while supplies off Canada and the lower U.S. will decrease for 2012. The new Pacific Trawl ITQ program has 100% observer coverage and 100% retention policy on sablefish. This has resulted in buyers having 40 containers of 1-to-2 lb. fish. I suspect the smaller poundage ranges could have some negative price effects but I do not see any lowering of prices of 3-4 lb. and up dressed fish for 2012.

<u>Halibut.</u> It is always better to operate on volume, with the significant decrease in quota, we will lose some markets as there will just not be sufficient supply for the demand. For the quota landed in 2012, I do not see any lower prices than 2011. The overall quota will be reduced 19%.

<u>Cod.</u> Prices for 2012, even with increased harvest limits, should be good. There are growing concerns of a resource failure off the Georges Bank. The European market could become difficult. The euro was at 130 to the dollar and dropping. This means European purchasing power has dropped by 15% in less than a year. If Europe fails to get its bonds and monetary situation corrected, the international instability of the euro could affect cod markets throughout Europe.

### \*\*Eat on the Wild Side\*\*

<u>WTO:</u> A World Trade Organization Dispute Settlement Panel has ruled on disputes brought by Canada and Mexico against the United States regarding U.S. country of origin labeling (COOL) requirements on meat products. Among other claims, Canada and Mexico alleged that the COOL statute, COOL implementing regulations, and a USDA letter related to the COOL requirements discriminate against their livestock exports to the United States in breach of U.S. WTO obligations. Canada and Mexico also alleged that the U.S. COOL

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requirements were designed to achieve a protectionist objective. In its final reports, the panel affirmed that the United States has the right under WTO rules to adopt COOL requirements. ...Seafood.com This is an important ruling as it upholds the requirement that imported fish also have to state the country of origin.

**<u>MSC</u>**: If you did not hear, U.S. produced Halibut and Alaskan Sablefish were officially recertified through Scientific Certification Systems.

<u>Senators Begich/Murkowski/Rep.Young</u>: Congressional opposition to the approval of Genetically Engineered (GE) fish for human consumption was recently reaffirmed with passage of the Young (Don) – Woolsey amendment which bars the FDA from using funds for the approval of GE Salmon. The Alaska Delegation was instrumental in this.

<u>Canadian Salmon Virus Secret – Seattle Times:</u> A decade before this fall's salmon-virus scare, a Canadian government researcher said she found a similar virus in more that 100 wild fish from Alaska to Vancouver Island. Canadian officials never told the public or scientists in the U.S. about these tests.

Pacific Seafood is beginning to explore a plan for a large fish farm in Juan de Fuca Strait. This will heighten the scare over ISA from British Columbia.

## \*\*Second Watch\*\*

Please welcome two new Sustaining Sponsors: **Tony Mazzarella with Mac's Ballard Upholstery, Seattle, WA; and Curtis "Arne" Arnesen with Mountain Pacific Bank, Everett, WA.** Thank you for your support!

John Crowley, F/V Kristiana, has been appointed to his second term on the Advisory Panel of the North Pacific Fishery Management Council. Way to go John!

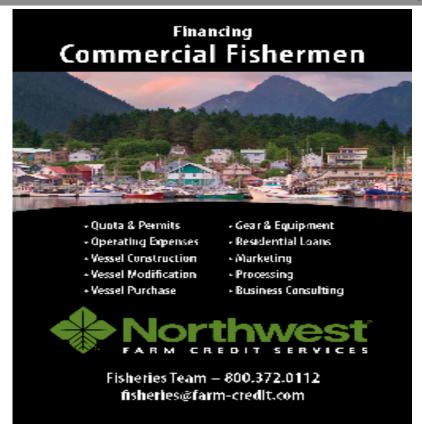
## \*\*Washington, D.C. Issues\*\*

John Bryson was confirmed as the new Secretary of Commerce in October. Mr. Bryson has had significant industry involvement but was opposed by Republicans because he cofounded the National Resources Defense Council, NRDC. The NRDC has repeatedly sued the Pacific Council on rebuilding plans for overfished species and other issues. Mr. Bryson supports ocean planning from a D.C. rather than region oversight perspective.

Senator Lisa Murkowski opposed and blocked funding for ocean planning which is designed by the administration to control coastal oil and gas development, wind energy, and second guess fish management. The Senator said the funding would "allow the Executive Branch to dictate how states can and cannot use oceans and coasts." Congressman Doc Hastings (R-WA) has opposed the same funding in the House.

EPA – the temporary moratorium on gray water discharge permits for fishing vessels is due to expire in 2013 and the EPA is again starting its rule-making process. We will continue to monitor this.

Senator Lisa Murkowski announced that the 2012 Interior Appropriations bill includes language restricting the National Park Service from conducting boating safety checks. "Park Service Rangers are not the Coast Guard."



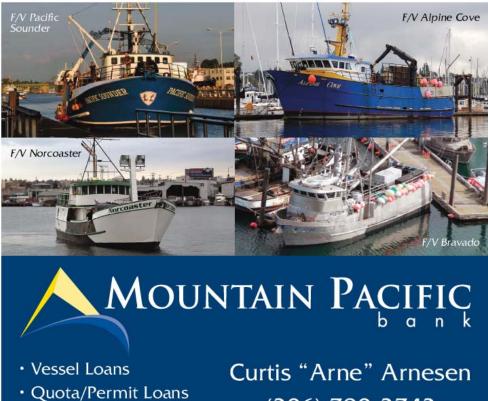




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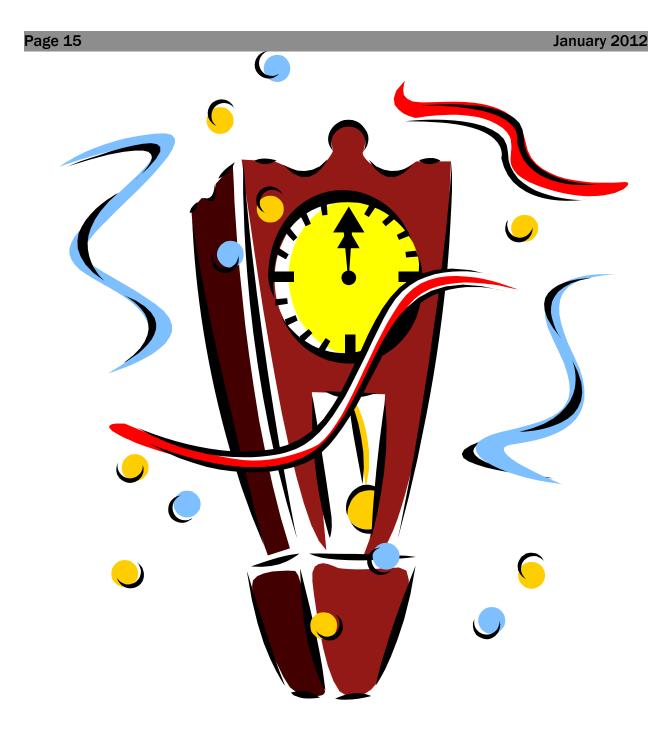
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## \*\*Calendar of Events\*\*

January 24-27, 2012	IPHC Annual Meeting	Hilton Anchorage Anchorage, AK
January 30-February 7, 2012	NPFMC Meeting	Renaissance on Madison Seattle, WA
February 25, 2012	100 <sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the	Seattle Marriott Waterfront
(By invitation, call DSFU if you haven't received yours)	DSFU	Seattle, WA
March 2-7, 2012	PFMC Meeting	DoubleTree Hotel Sacramento
Advisory bodies may begin March 1; Council session begins March 2		Sacramento, CA
March 26 – April 3, 2012	NPFMC Meeting	Anchorage Hilton Anchorage, AK
April 1-6-2012 (Advisory bodies may begin Sat. March 1	PFMC Meeting	Sheraton Seattle Hotel Seattle, WA
Council session beings Sun, April 1)		Scattic, WA
Week of June 4	NPFMC Meeting	Kodiak, AK
June 20-25,2012	PFMC Meeting	San Mateo Marriott
(Advisory bodies may being Tue., June 19 Council session beings Wed., June 20)		San Mateo, CA



Happy New Year!